





Monitoring Symptoms Will Help You and/or Your Child's Healthcare Provider Make Informed Decisions On Choosing the Best Treatment Regimen

#### HOW TO USE THE SYMPTOM TRACKER



### **XEOMIN®** (incobotulinumtoxinA) IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION

Read the Medication Guide before you start receiving XEOMIN<sup>®</sup> (Zeo-min) and each time XEOMIN is given to you as there may be new information. The risk information provided here is not comprehensive. To learn more:

- Talk to your health care provider or pharmacist
- Visit www.xeomin.com to obtain the FDA-approved product labeling
- Call 1-844-4MYMERZ (1-844-469-6379)

#### Uses

XEOMIN is a prescription medicine:

- that is injected into glands that make saliva and is used to treat long-lasting (chronic) drooling (sialorrhea) in adults and in children 2 to 17 years of age.
- that is injected into muscles and used to:
  - o treat increased muscle stiffness in the arm because of upper limb spasticity in adults.
  - o treat increased muscle stiffness in the arm in children 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb spasticity, excluding spasticity caused by cerebral palsy.
  - o treat the abnormal head position and neck pain with cervical dystonia (CD) in adults.

It is not known if XEOMIN is safe and effective in children younger than:

- 2 years of age for the treatment of chronic sialorrhea
- 2 years of age for the treatment of upper limb spasticity
- 18 years of age for the treatment of cervical dystonia or blepharospasm

#### Warnings

#### XEOMIN may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Call your doctor or get medical help right away if you have any of these problems anytime (hours to weeks) after treatment with XEOMIN:

• **Problems with swallowing, speaking, or breathing** can happen if the muscles that you use to breathe and swallow become weak. Death can happen as a complication if you have severe problems with swallowing or breathing after treatment with XEOMIN.

Please see additional Important Consumer Safety Information on pages 4-6.

o treat abnormal spasm of the eyelids (blepharospasm) in adults.

# Track Symptoms



Date of	Date injection	Date injection	 Medication name
injection	effects begin	effects wear off	XEOMIN <sup>®</sup> (incobotulinumtoxinA)
Treatment(s)	Docto	or	 Other

Write your and/or your child's symptoms in the left column; then record descriptions and ratings (0-10) daily.

	Week of	/	SUN	ΜΟΝ	TUE	WED	тни	FRI	SAT
Example	Symptom Eye írrítatíon due to	Description	dry, ítchy	dry, ítchy	dry, ítchy, red	dry, ítchy	dry, ítchy, red	dry, ítchy, red	dry, ítchy, red
EX	bleph	Rating	3	3	6	4	7	7	7
	Symptom	Description							
		Rating							
	Symptom	Description							
		Rating							

Notes

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Week of_	/	SUN	ΜΟΝ	TUE	WED	тни	FRI	SAT
Symptom	Description							
	Rating							
Symptom	Description							
	Rating							
Symptom	Description							
	Rating							

Notes

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#### Warnings

#### **XEOMIN** may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of **XEOMIN**:

- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing** can happen if the muscles that you use to breathe and swallow become weak. Death can happen as a complication if you have severe problems with swallowing or breathing after treatment with XEOMIN.
  - People with certain breathing problems may need to use muscles in their neck to help them breathe and may be at greater risk for serious breathing problems with XEOMIN.
  - Swallowing problems may last for several months, and during that time you may need a feeding tube to receive food and water. If swallowing problems are severe, food or liquids may go into your lungs. People who already have swallowing or breathing problems before receiving XEOMIN have the highest risk of getting these problems.
- **Spread of toxin effects**. In some cases, the effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas of the body away from the injection site and cause symptoms of a serious condition called botulism. The symptoms of botulism include: loss of strength and muscle weakness all over the body, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, trouble swallowing.

These symptoms can happen hours to weeks after you receive an injection of XEOMIN. These problems could make it unsafe for you to drive a car or do other dangerous activities.

**Do not take XEOMIN if you:** are allergic to XEOMIN or any of the ingredients in XEOMIN (see below for a list of ingredients in XEOMIN), had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum

toxin product such as rimabotulinumtoxinB (Myobloc<sup>®</sup>), onabotulinumtoxinA (Botox<sup>®</sup>, Botox<sup>®</sup> Cosmetic), or abobotulinumtoxinA (Dysport<sup>®</sup>) or have a skin infection at the planned injection site.

# Before receiving XEOMIN, tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have a disease that affects your muscles and nerves (such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis [ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease], myasthenia gravis or Lambert-Eaton syndrome)
- have had any side effect from any other botulinum toxin in the past
- have a breathing problem, such as asthma or emphysema
- have a history of swallowing problems or inhaling food or fluid into your lungs (aspiration)
- have drooping eyelids
- have had eye surgery
- have had surgery on your face
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if XEOMIN can harm your unborn baby.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if XEOMIN passes into breast milk.

Tell your doctor about all of the medicines you take, including prescription and over-thecounter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. Talk to your doctor before you take any new medicines after you receive XEOMIN.

Using XEOMIN with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received XEOMIN in the past. Especially tell your doctor if you:

- have received any other botulinum toxin product in the last four months
- have received injections of botulinum toxin such as rimabotulinumtoxinB (MYOBLOC<sup>®</sup>), onabotulinumtoxinA (BOTOX<sup>®</sup>, BOTOX<sup>®</sup> COSMETIC) and abobotulinumtoxinA (DYSPORT<sup>®</sup>) in the past. Be sure your doctor knows exactly which product you received. The dose of XEOMIN may be different from other botulinum toxin products that you have received.
- have recently received an antibiotic by injection or inhalation
- take muscle relaxants
- take an allergy or cold medicine
- take a sleep medicine

### Ask your doctor if you are not sure if your medicine is one that is listed above.

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of your medicines with you to show your doctor and pharmacist each time you get a new medicine.

### **Possible Side Effects**

### **XEOMIN** can cause serious side effects including:

• Injury to the cornea (the clear front surface of the eye) in people treated for blepharospasm. People who receive XEOMIN to treat spasm of the eyelid may have reduced blinking that can cause a sore on their cornea or other problems of the cornea. Call your healthcare provider or get medical care right away if you have eye pain or irritation after treatment with XEOMIN.

• <b>XEOMIN may cause other serious side effects in</b> an allergic reaction to XEOMIN may include: itchi trouble breathing, or dizziness or feeling faint. Tel away if you get wheezing or trouble breathing, or i	ng, rash, redness, swelling, wheezing, l your doctor or get medical help right				
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adult	s with chronic siglorrheg include:				
<ul> <li>needing to have a tooth pulled (extracted)</li> </ul>	diarrhea				
<ul> <li>dry mouth</li> </ul>	<ul><li>high blood pressure</li></ul>				
5					
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in child	ren 2 to 17 years of age with chronic				
sialorrhea include:					
bronchitis	• headache				
• nausea	<ul> <li>vomiting</li> </ul>				
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adult	s with upper limb spasticity include:				
• seizure	• dry mouth				
• nasal congestion, sore throat and runny nose	<ul> <li>upper respiratory infection</li> </ul>				
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in child	ren 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb				
spasticity include:					
nasal congestion, sore throat and runny nose	• bronchitis				
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adult	s with cervical dystonia include:				
<ul> <li>difficulty swallowing</li> </ul>	• pain at the injection site				
<ul> <li>neck pain</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>muscle and bone pain</li> </ul>				
muscle weakness	musere una cone pum				
The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adult	s with hlanharosnasm includa:				
<ul> <li>drooping of the eyelid</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>vision problems</li> </ul>				
1 0 9	<ul><li>dry mouth</li></ul>				
• dry eye	5				
These are not all the possible side effects of XEOMIN.					
Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at					
1-800-FDA-1088.					
General information about the safe and effective us					
Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide.					
You can ask your pharmacist or doctor for information about XEOMIN that is written for health					
professionals.					

Active Ingredient: botulinum toxin type A Inactive Ingredients: human albumin and sucrose



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